





Climate Prediction Center's Yemen Hazards Outlook For USAID / FEWS-NET 29 May – 4 June 2025

Temperatures

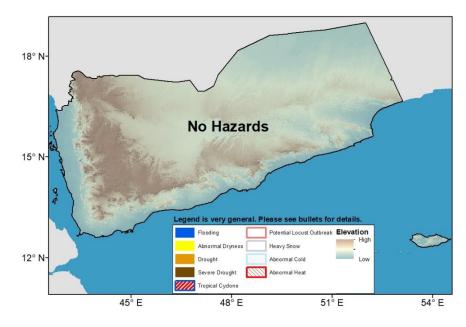
During the past week, maximum temperatures were 2 - 6°C above-average over Yemen, with the largest anomalies over the Western highlands and in the East. Maximum temperatures ranged from 35°C to 50°C across the country, with the highest temperatures in the Northeast. Minimum temperatures were below-average (1 - 4°C anomalies) over most of Yemen, with the larger anomalies across the North and west. Minimum temperatures ranged from 15°C and 25°C.

Next week, mean maximum temperatures will remain above average across Yemen. Positive anomalies are forecasted to be 1 - 4°C with larger anomalies to the south and east. Mean maximum temperatures will range from 25°C in the mountians to 45°C in the Northeast. The minimum temperatures will be near-average in western and central Yemen and above average (1 - 4°C anomalies) in the South and East. Minimum temperatures will be 15 - 30°C.

Precipitation

During the past week, a little light rain was observed over southwestern areas. 7-day totals were 2-25 mm. Other parts of Yemen were dry. Over the past 30 and 90 days, many places in the West have experienced above-average rainfall. Meanwhile, below-average rainfall continues in pockets of the northern highalnds, central, and eastern Yemen where some degraded vegetation health is already observed.

Next week, dry conditions are forecasted across the country with a suppression of moisture over the area. This may start to build rainfall deficts and dry out the ground in some areas.



Note: The Hazards outlook map is based on current weather/climate information, short and medium-range weather forecasts (up to 1 week), sub-seasonal forecasts up to 4 weeks, and assesses the potential impact of extreme events on crop and pasture conditions. Shaded polygons are added in areas where anomalous conditions have been observed and predicted to continue during the outlook period. The boundaries of these polygons are only approximate at the spatial scale of the map. This product considers long-range seasonal climate forecasts but does not reflect current or projected food security conditions. FEWS NET is a USAID-funded activity whose purpose is to provide objective information about food security conditions. Its views are not necessarily reflective of those of USAID or the U.S. Government. The FEWS NET weather hazards outlook process and products include participation by FEWS NET field and home offices, NOAA-CPC, USGS, USDA, NASA, and several other national and regional organizations in the countries concerned.

Questions or comments about the hazard's outlooks may be directed to Dr. Wassila Thiaw, Head, International Desks/NOAA, wassila.thiaw@noaa.gov. Questions about the USAID FEWS NET activity may be directed to Dr. James Verdin, Program Manager, FEWS NET/USAID, jverdin@usaid.gov