



Climate Prediction Center's Yemen Hazards Outlook For USAID / FEWS-NET 10 April – 16 April 2025

Temperatures

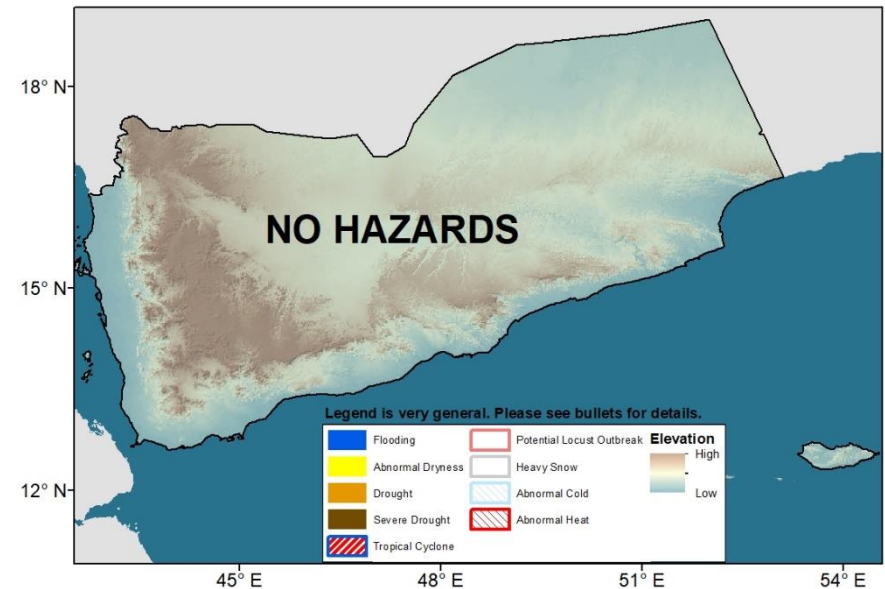
During the past week, maximum temperatures were 1-2°C above-average in the northern and central regions of Yemen, while near-average conditions were registered on the southern coast. Minimum temperatures were below-average (1-4°C) over much of the country except the northwestern region, which was near-average to above-average.

Next week, hotter weather with above-average maximum temperatures (1-2°C) is expected in much of Yemen, except the western borders of Yemen, which will be near-average to below-average. Generally, maximum temperatures will be 25-40°C. Minimum temperatures will be near-average to below-average in the western and central regions and slightly above-average in the eastern region; minimum temperatures will be 10-25°C.

Precipitation

During the past week, no rainfall was recorded in much of Yemen except localized areas in the northwestern region, which registered light rainfall, with below-average rainfall in the western highlands. Light to moderate rainfall was received over localized areas of western Yemen, turning near-average conditions into moisture surpluses in the region over the past 30 days.

Little to light rain is forecast in western and southern parts of Yemen next week. However, compared to the climatology, below-average rainfall is likely to occur in the western and eastern regions of the country. The remaining areas will be seasonally dry.



Note: The Hazards outlook map is based on current weather/climate information, short and medium-range weather forecasts (up to 1 week), sub-seasonal forecasts up to 4 weeks, and assesses the potential impact of extreme events on crop and pasture conditions. Shaded polygons are added in areas where anomalous conditions have been observed and predicted to continue during the outlook period. The boundaries of these polygons are only approximate at the spatial scale of the map. This product considers long-range seasonal climate forecasts but does not reflect current or projected food security conditions. FEWS NET is a USAID-funded activity whose purpose is to provide objective information about food security conditions. Its views are not necessarily reflective of those of USAID or the U.S. Government. The FEWS NET weather hazards outlook process and products include participation by FEWS NET field and home offices, NOAA-CPC, USGS, USDA, NASA, and several other national and regional organizations in the countries concerned.

Questions or comments about the hazard's outlooks may be directed to Dr. Wassila Thiaw, Head, International Desks/NOAA, wassila.thiaw@noaa.gov. Questions about the USAID FEWS NET activity may be directed to Dr. James Verdin, Program Manager, FEWS NET/USAID, jverdin@usaid.gov