

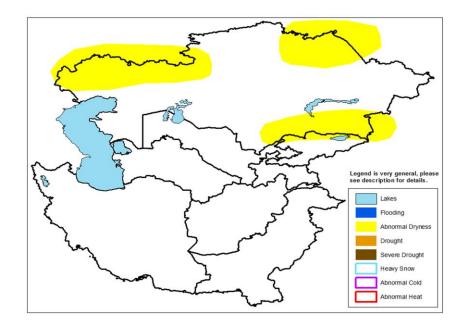
## Climate Prediction Center's Central Asia Hazards Outlook July 24 – July 30, 2014

## **Temperatures:**

Temperatures generally ranged in the 30's throughout Kazakhstan, with temperatures in the upper 30's and lower 40's degrees further south across Uzbekistan, Turkmenistan, Afghanistan, and Pakistan. In mid-July, temperature anomalies were mostly below average throughout Central Asia, with negative departures between 1 to 3 degrees in the south, and 4 to 7 degrees Celsius in the north. For the upcoming week, temperatures are again expected to be seasonable, with maximum weekly temperatures in the mid to upper 30's throughout Kazakhstan, and in the lower to mid 40's further south.

## **Precipitation**

In the last seven days, a seasonable distribution of rainfall was observed throughout the domain. The highest rainfall accumulations were received across north Pakistan, with more moderate and widespread amounts in north central Kazakhstan. While parts of Kazakhstan have experienced a small recovery in rains during July, many parts in the northwest, northeast and southeast have received consistently below average rainfall since May, which may negatively impact the development of seasonal crops. For the upcoming outlook period, a continuation of seasonable shower activity is forecast across northern Kazakhstan, which not much relief expected for many anomalously dry areas of the country. Further south, increased rains and moisture are forecast throughout the northwestern regions of Pakistan and into Afghanistan, associated with the advancement of the Indian monsoon.



Note: The Hazards outlook map is based on current weather/climate information, short and medium range weather forecasts (up to 1 week), and assesses their potential impact on crop and pasture conditions. Shaded polygons are added in areas where anomalous conditions have been observed. The boundaries of these polygons are only approximate at this continental scale. This product does not reflect long range seasonal climate forecasts or indicate current or projected food security conditions.