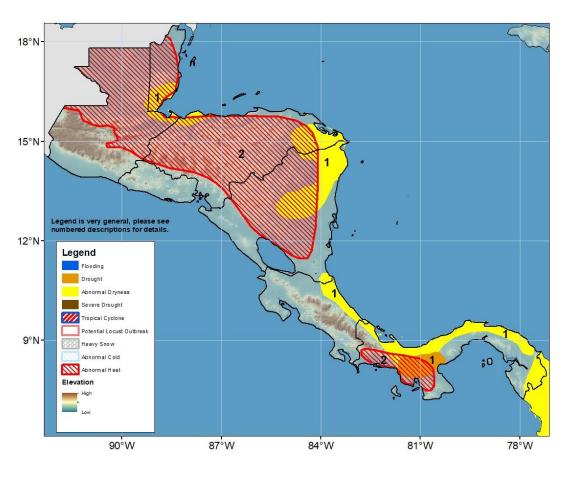






Climate Prediction Center's Central America Hazards Outlook For USAID / FEWS-NET 7 March – 13 March 2024

Much-above average temperatures and dry conditions likely to continue over portions of Central America



- 1) In the past seven days, light to locally moderate rainfall was observed in western Guatemala, central Belize, northern and southern Honduras. parts in Costa Rica and Panama, However, the lack of rainfall in the past 30 and 90 days has resulted in prolonged dryness in southern Belize, northern southern parts of and Honduras. central/northeastern Nicaragua, and the Caribbean Tiers of Costa Rica and Panama. The observed rainfall deficits and above-average temperatures continue to affect the shipping industry in the Panama Canal.
- 2) Temperature forecasts suggest that mean maximum temperatures are likely to be warmer than average by 4-8 degrees across much of Guatemala, Honduras, Belize, and Nicaragua.

Note: The Hazards outlook map is based on current weather/climate information, short and medium-range weather forecasts (up to 1 week), sub-seasonal forecasts up to 4 weeks, and assesses the potential impact of extreme events on crop and pasture conditions. Shaded polygons are added in areas where anomalous conditions have been observed and predicted to continue during the outlook period. The boundaries of these polygons are only approximate at the spatial scale of the map. This product takes into account long-range seasonal climate forecasts but does not reflect current or projected food security conditions. FEWS NET is a USAID-funded activity whose purpose is to provide objective information about food security conditions. Its views are not necessarily reflective of those of USAID or the U.S. Government. The FEWS NET weather hazards outlook process and products include participation by FEWS NET field and home offices, NOAA-CPC, USGS, USDA, NASA, and a number of other national and regional organizations in the countries concerned.

Relatively dry conditions continue form the past week into the outlook period.

During the past week, the interior of Central America experienced dry but seasonable conditions, while seasonably light rain (less than 25 mm) was observed in many Caribbean coastal regions. This pattern of moderate rainfall yielded little in the way of anomalies except for 10-50 mm deficits in eastern Costa Rica and western Panama. Over the past 30 days, near-average to slightly below-average conditions dominated the region. Dryness, with rainfall deficits between 10-50 mm were present in parts of northern, south-central, and eastern Guatemala, the Gulf of Honduras, western and eastern Honduras, eastern Nicaragua, and portions of Costa Rica and Panama. Over the past 90 days, areas such as north-central Nicaragua and central and eastern Panama continued to register total rainfall below 25% of the average. Abnormal dryness and drought are posted over the dry portions of Central America, where insufficient rainfall has already impacted conditions on the ground. Meanwhile, below-freezing temperatures were observed over areas in Guatemala, including Los Altos and Labor Ovalle, Quetzaltenango, Suiza Contenta, Sacatepéquez, Potrero Carillo, Jalapa, and Nebaj, Quiché during the past week.

During the next week, relatively dry conditions, with little to light (< 25 mm) rainfall are forecast over the Atlantic tier of Central America. Light rainfall is also expected in western Guatemala and pacific-facing regions of southern Costa Rica and Panama. The forecast reduced rainfall amounts will likely maintain or even increase 30-day rainfall deficits over many local areas in the region. Meanwhile, well above-average mean temperatures are forecast across the region. The hot temperatures in many cases will be warmer than 35°C. In Guatemala, farmers are burning dry vegetation in preparation to the upcoming rainfall season, according to reports. These burning activities especially, combined with strong winds, above average temperatures, and dry conditions increase the risks for forest fires over many local areas in the country.

