

Climate Prediction Center's Afghanistan Hazards Outlook 17 June – 23 June, 2021

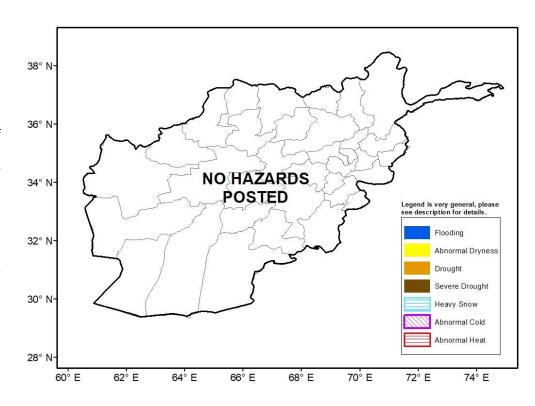
Temperatures:

During the first week of June, maximum temperatures averaged above normal over Afghanistan. Observed average maximum temperature positive anomalies were 4-8°C. Many lower-elevation areas in the country reached 40°C and parts of the southwest reached 45°C.

The GEFS model depicts a signficant pattern change during the third week of June with much cooler temperatures moving into the region. Temperatures are forecasted to be colder than average by 4-8°C across the country. Weekly maximum temperatures will stay below 40°C for lower elevation areas and near-freezing minimum temperatures are expected in the central highlands.

Precipitation:

Very little rain was recorded across Afghanistan during the past week. This dry pattern is to be expected during June and into the summer months. In western Afghanistan, the drought hazard has been removed as they are well into the summer dry season. For next week, the country is forecasted to continue to be dry, only a few showers are possible in eastern parts of the country during the latter part of the outlook period.



Note: The Hazards outlook map is based on current weather/climate information, short and medium range weather forecasts (up to 1 week), and assesses their potential impact on crop and pasture conditions. Shaded polygons are added in areas where anomalous conditions have been observed. The boundaries of these polygons are only approximate at this continental scale. This product does not reflect long range seasonal climate forecasts or indicate current or projected food security conditions.

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