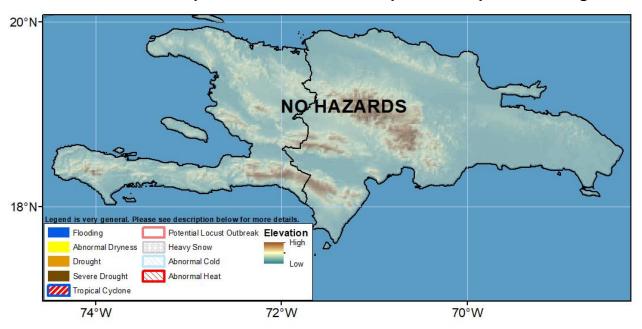






Climate Prediction Center's Hispaniola Hazards Outlook For USAID / FEWS-NET 5 – 11 January 2023

A slight enhancement in rainfall possible over the eastern parts of Hispaniola during the next week



During late December, a dry weather pattern, with mostly suppressed rainfall but typical conditions during this time of the year, was observed over Hispaniola. Since December of the past year, below average rain has been received over Hispaniola. However, the departures from the average ranged only between 10-25 mm and were depicted in southern Haiti and much of the Dominican Republic. For vegetation conditions, the latest products showed dominating near average conditions across the Island, except for portions of northwestern Haiti, northwestern and southwestern Dominican Republic, where below average conditions persisted.

During the next week, while little to light rain is expected over Haiti and western Dominican Republic, moderate and likely to be above average rain is forecast over eastern Dominican Republic, which could help erode moisture deficits partially over local areas in the region.

Note: The Hazards outlook map is based on current weather/climate information, short and medium-range weather forecasts (up to 1 week), sub-seasonal forecasts up to 4 weeks, and assesses the potential impact of extreme events on crop and pasture conditions. Shaded polygons are added in areas where anomalous conditions have been observed and predicted to continue during the outlook period. The boundaries of these polygons are only approximate at the spatial scale of the map. This product takes into account long-range seasonal climate forecasts but does not reflect current or projected food security conditions. FEWS NET is a USAID-funded activity whose purpose is to provide objective information about food security conditions. Its views are not necessarily reflective of those of USAID or the U.S. Government. The FEWS NET weather hazards outlook process and products include participation by FEWS NET field and home offices, NOAA-CPC, USGS, USDA, NASA, and a number of other national and regional organizations in the countries concerned.