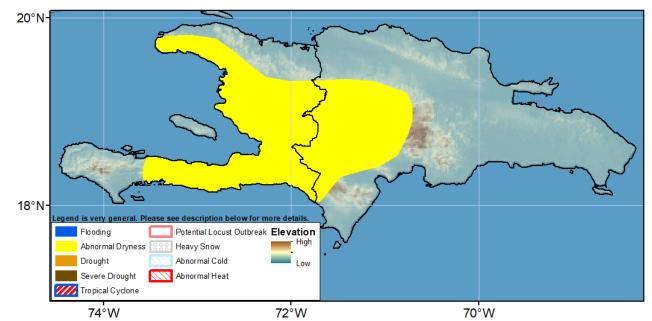






Climate Prediction Center's Hispaniola Hazards Outlook For USAID / FEWS-NET 10 – 16 November 2022

During the last week, near and below-average rain has prevailed in central and southern Haiti and the western Dominican Republic.



During the past week, little to moderate rainfall was observed over Hispaniola, which led to normal and little rainfall deficits in most parts of the region. The heaviest (up to 100 mm) rain was recorded in the eastern Dominican Republic, where positive rainfall conditions also were observed. Over the past 30 days, below-average rainfall has dominated across Haiti and Dominican Republic, with rainfall deficits largest than 100 mm. For vegetation conditions, most products exhibited near to above-average conditions over most areas in Hispaniola

During the next week, light to moderate rain is forecast over Hispaniola. Overall, near-average rainfall conditions are expected in most parts of Hispaniola. However, below-average conditions are expected in eastern Hispaniola. With the expected insufficient rain, dryness will likely persist over most of Haiti and the eastern Dominican Republic.

Questions or comments about the hazards outlooks may be directed to Dr. Wassila Thiaw, Head, International Desks/NOAA, wassila.thiaw@noaa.gov. Questions about the USAID FEWS NET activity may be directed to Dr. James Verdin, Program Manager, FEWS NET/USAID, jverdin@usaid.gov

Note: The Hazards outlook map is based on current weather/climate information, short and medium-range weather forecasts (up to 1 week), sub-seasonal forecasts up to 4 weeks, and assesses the potential impact of extreme events on crop and pasture conditions. Shaded polygons are added in areas where anomalous conditions have been observed and predicted to continue during the outlook period. The boundaries of these polygons are only approximate at the spatial scale of the map. This product takes into account long-range seasonal climate forecasts but does not reflect current or projected food security conditions. FEWS NET is a USAID-funded activity whose purpose is to provide objective information about food security conditions. Its views are not necessarily reflective of those of USAID or the U.S. Government. The FEWS NET weather hazards outlook process and products include participation by FEWS NET field and home offices, NOAA-CPC, USGS, USDA, NASA, and a number of other national and regional organizations in the countries concerned.