

## Climate Prediction Center's Afghanistan Hazards Outlook 4 August – 10 August, 2022

### Temperature:

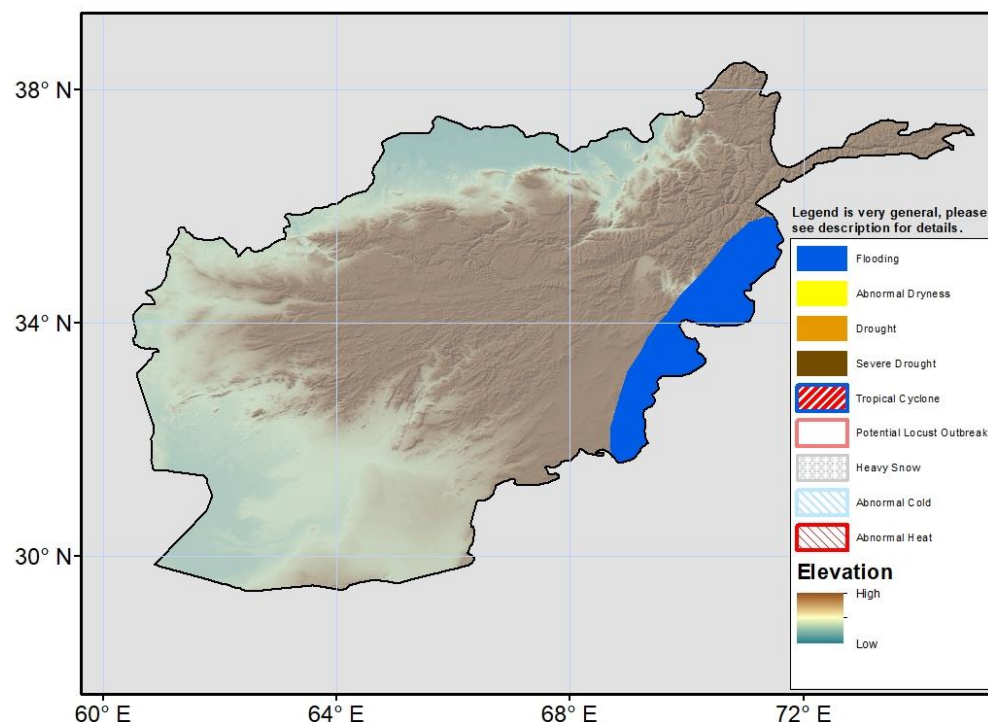
Recent 7-day mean maximum temperatures were warmer than average by 2 to 4 °C across northern Afghanistan. In contrast, below normal temperatures were observed across the South. Weekly average maximum temperatures were observed between 40°C to 45°C across northwest and southern Afghanistan.

The GEFS model forecasts generally above-average temperature (1 to 4°C) across the southern half of Afghanistan during the outlook period. Otherwise, near-normal temperatures are forecast across the North. Weekly average maximum temperatures are forecast around 40 to 45°C across southwestern regions of Afghanistan. The lower elevations in the North should have maximum temperatures average 35-40°C.

### Precipitation:

According to reports, heavy rainfall has triggered flash flood in the eastern regions of Afghanistan's Ghazni province on 28 July 2022 resulting in 10 fatalities. During the last 7 days, moderate rainfall (10-50mm) was observed across eastern regions. Some light rains spread over southern Afghanistan as well. Seasonal rainfall performance has been wetter than normal in eastern Afghanistan.

The GEFS weekly ensemble mean forecasts light precipitation across eastern regions of Afghanistan during the outlook period. Total amounts should remain less than 25mm. A flooding polygon is posted across eastern Afghanistan due to observed and continuing rainfall.



**Note:** The Hazards outlook map is based on current weather/climate information, short and medium-range weather forecasts (up to 1 week), sub-seasonal forecasts up to 4 weeks, and assesses the potential impact of extreme events on crop and pasture conditions. Shaded polygons are added in areas where anomalous conditions have been observed and predicted to continue during the outlook period. The boundaries of these polygons are only approximate at the spatial scale of the map. This product considers long-range seasonal climate forecasts but does not reflect current or projected food security conditions. FEWS NET is a USAID-funded activity whose purpose is to provide objective information about food security conditions. Its views are not necessarily reflective of those of USAID or the U.S. Government. The FEWS NET weather hazards outlook process and products include participation by FEWS NET field and home offices, NOAA-CPC, USGS, USDA, NASA, and several other national and regional organizations in the countries concerned.

Questions or comments about the hazard's outlooks may be directed to Dr. Wassila Thiaw, Head, International Desks/NOAA, [wassila.thiaw@noaa.gov](mailto:wassila.thiaw@noaa.gov). Questions about the USAID FEWS NET activity may be directed to Dr. James Verdin, Program Manager, FEWS NET/USAID, [jverdin@usaid.gov](mailto:jverdin@usaid.gov)