

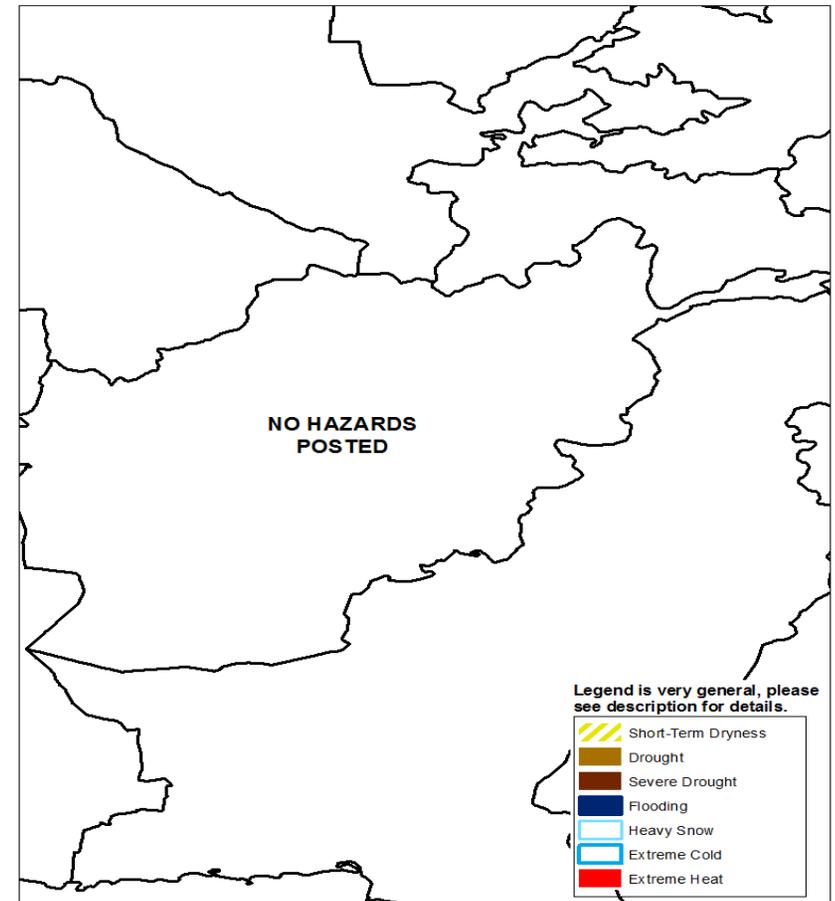
Climate Prediction Center's Afghanistan Hazards Outlook For USAID / FEWS-NET September 7-13, 2011

Temperatures:

During the summer, anomalous heat affected Afghanistan as temperatures averaged above normal. Central and eastern parts of Afghanistan experienced the largest positive temperatures anomalies (8 degrees C or more). Although temperatures are beginning to cool as daylight hours decrease significantly in early September, maximum temperatures are expected to exceed 35 degrees C in southwest Afghanistan. Freezing temperatures may affect the northeast mountains.

Precipitation

Seasonal dryness can be expected across Afghanistan, while locally heavy rain prolongs the threat of flooding in Pakistan.



Note: The Hazards outlook map is based on current weather/climate information, short and medium range weather forecasts (up to 1 week), and assesses their potential impact on crop and pasture conditions. Shaded polygons are added in areas where anomalous conditions have been observed. The boundaries of these polygons are only approximate at this continental scale. This product does not reflect long range seasonal climate forecasts or indicate current or projected food security conditions.

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