

AFGHANISTAN Weekly Climate Forecast

#28, July 22 - 28, 2009

An overall above average wet season for Afghanistan has given way to more seasonal dry weather during the summer. During the winter months an unusually deep snow pack built up. As temperatures began to warm during the spring months, as is typical, the snow began to melt. However, precipitation continued, causing numerous rain-on-snow events. These events are known to cause rapid snow melt. As a result many parts of Afghanistan reported flooding triggered by melt water.

Snow pack now remains confined to the highest elevations of the northeast, as is typical for this time of year.

During late June and July, above-normal temperatures prevailed across the lowlands of Afghanistan with cooler-than-normal temperatures in northeast Afghanistan.

During the next week, seasonal dry weather should be accompanied by slightly above-normal temperatures in the lowlands (Figure 2). Maximum temperatures should exceed 40 °C across southern Afghanistan (Figure 3).

Figure 1. Weather hazards in Afghanistan



Figure 2. Temperature Anomaly for July 20 – 26, 2009.

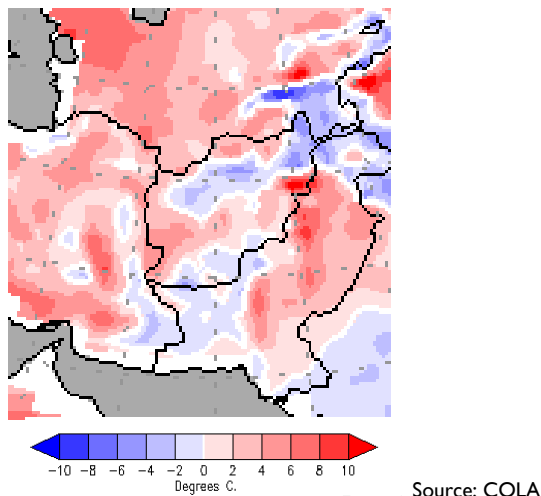


Figure 3. Extreme Maximum Temperature (°C) for July 20 – 26, 2009.

