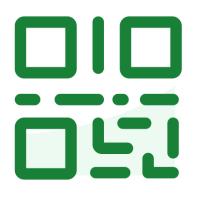
Seasonal Rainfall Forecasting Day Introduction

PREPARE Drought and Flood Early Warning for Pacific Islands Training Workshop Nadi, Fiji, 15-20 July 2024

Dr. Katie Kowal
NOAA/CPC/International Desks
17 July 2024





Join at slido.com #3972122

(i) Start presenting to display the joining instructions on this slide.



What hazard are you most interested in?

(i) Start presenting to display the poll results on this slide.



How useful do you think seasonal forecasts are?

(i) Start presenting to display the poll results on this slide.

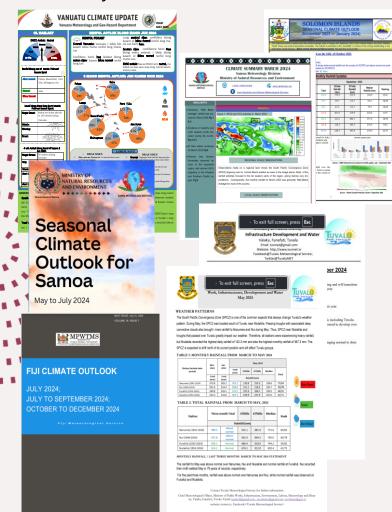
Points of discussion - how can we complement existing seasonal climate tools?

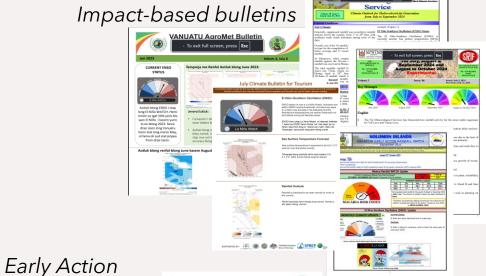
Rainfall Watches

1



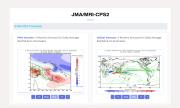
Monthly to Seasonal Climate Outlooks

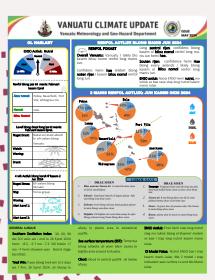


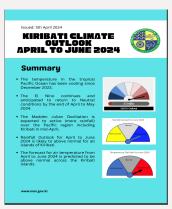


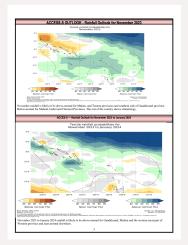


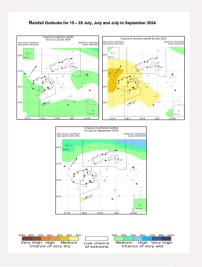
Points of discussion - how can we complement existing seasonal climate tools?

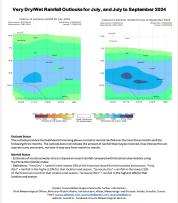
















Today's session goals

- (1) Improve understanding of existing regional seasonal forecasting products
- (2) Support dialogue across islands on monitoring and forecast tools
- (3) Share some NOAA CPC International Desk approaches to seasonal forecasts
- (4) Collaborate to develop some seasonal forecasts using some common bias correction techniques during our practical session

Contact Tuvalu Meteorological Service for further information:
Chief Meteorological Officer, Ministry of Public Works, Infrastructure, Water, Meteorology and Disaster, Valaku, Funafuti, Tuvalu.

Email: tauala.k@mail.com, tuvalumet@gmail.com, tuvalumet@gov.tv
website: tuvmet.tv, Facebook:<Tuvalu Meteorological Service>

Water Meteorological Service

Authority Meteorological Service

Water Meteorological Service

Authority Meteorological Service

Water Meteorological Service

Authority Meteorological Service

Autho

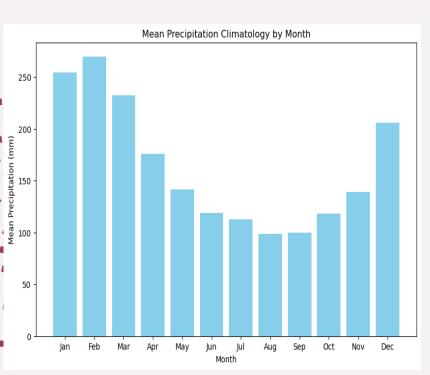


What forecasting and/or monitoring products do you often use or like, e.g. NIWA, Australian BoM, CSIRO, your in house products, others?

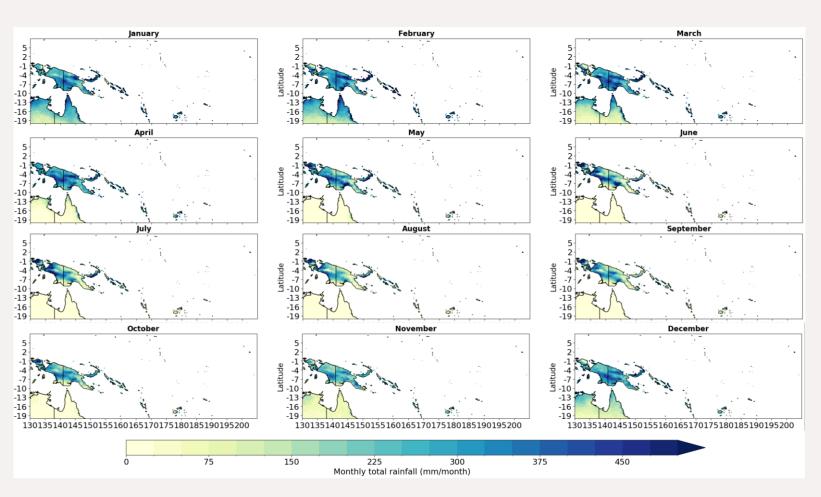
(i) Start presenting to display the poll results on this slide.

Average Monthly Rainfall Climatology over the Pacific Islands



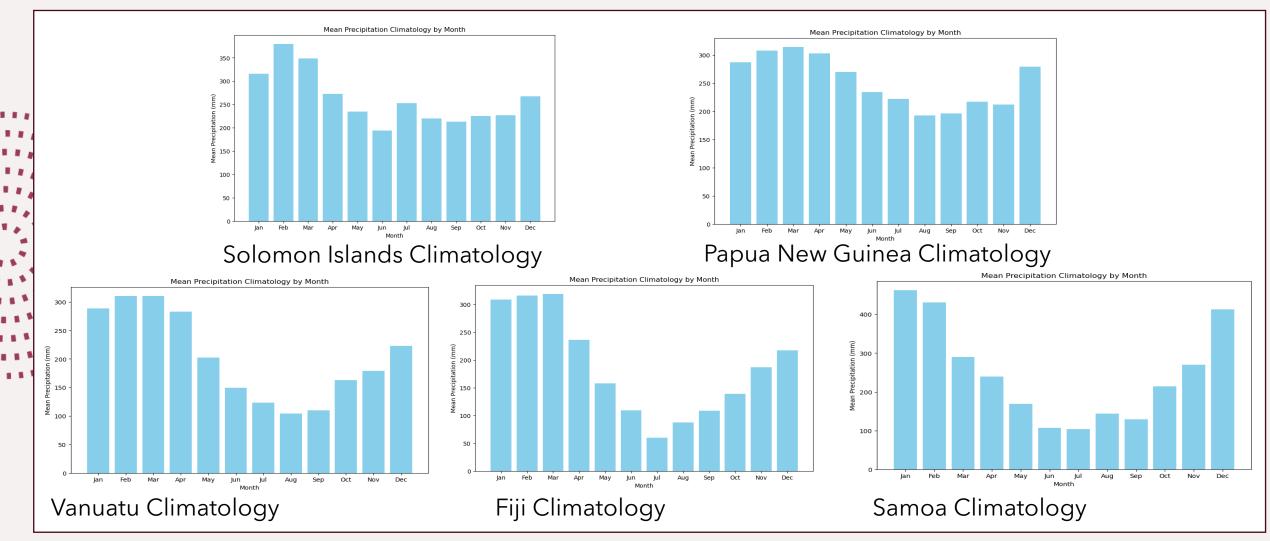


Average Pacific Islands Climatology



Monthly Rainfall Climatology over the Pacific Islands Comparison

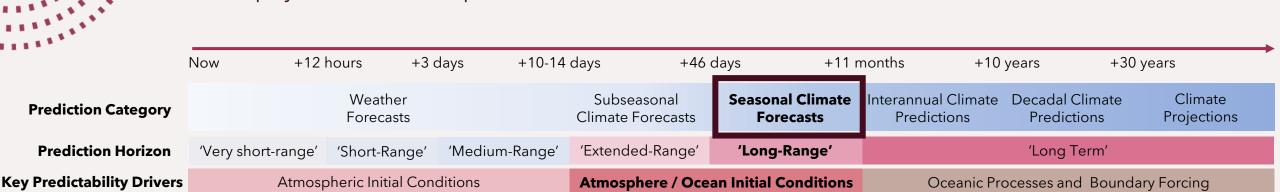




Forecasting approaches are often referred to as 'statistical' or 'dynamical'

- **Statistical:** Pattern-based relationships using past observations
- Dynamical: Physically-based models (i.e. climate models, general circulation models GCMs) to simulate the earth system using known physical relationships

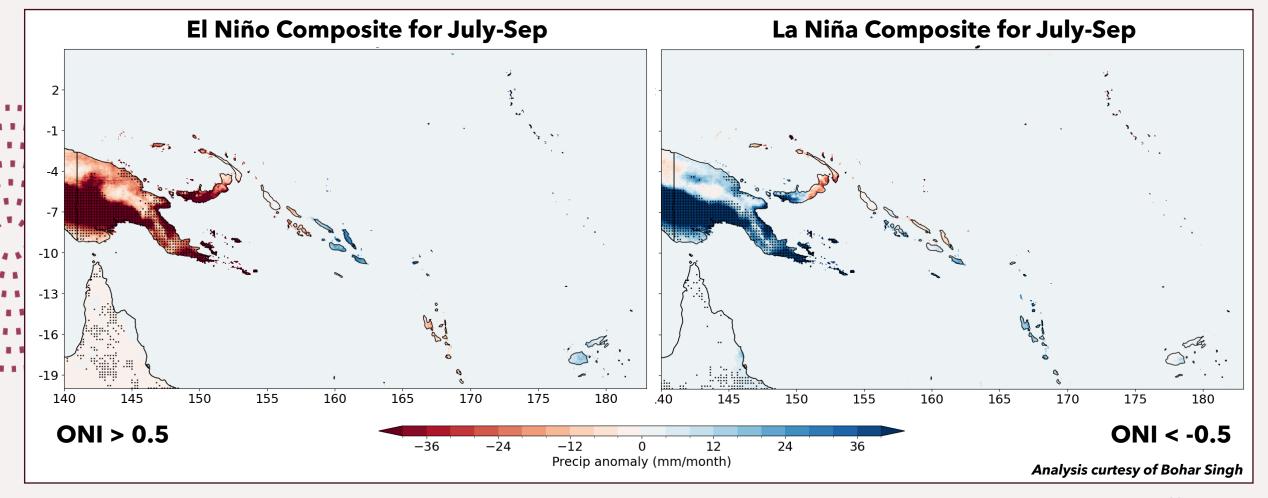
At the seasonal scale, atmospheric memory has weakened, and we begin to rely more on oceanic memory to find patterns and make predictions





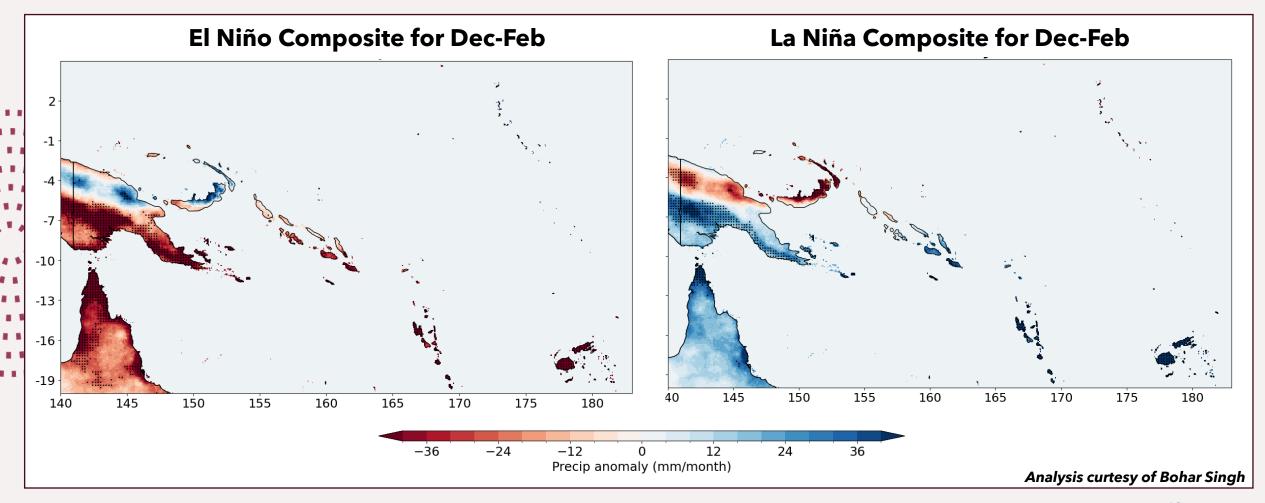
ENSO teleconnection patterns over the Pacific Islands - current period JAS



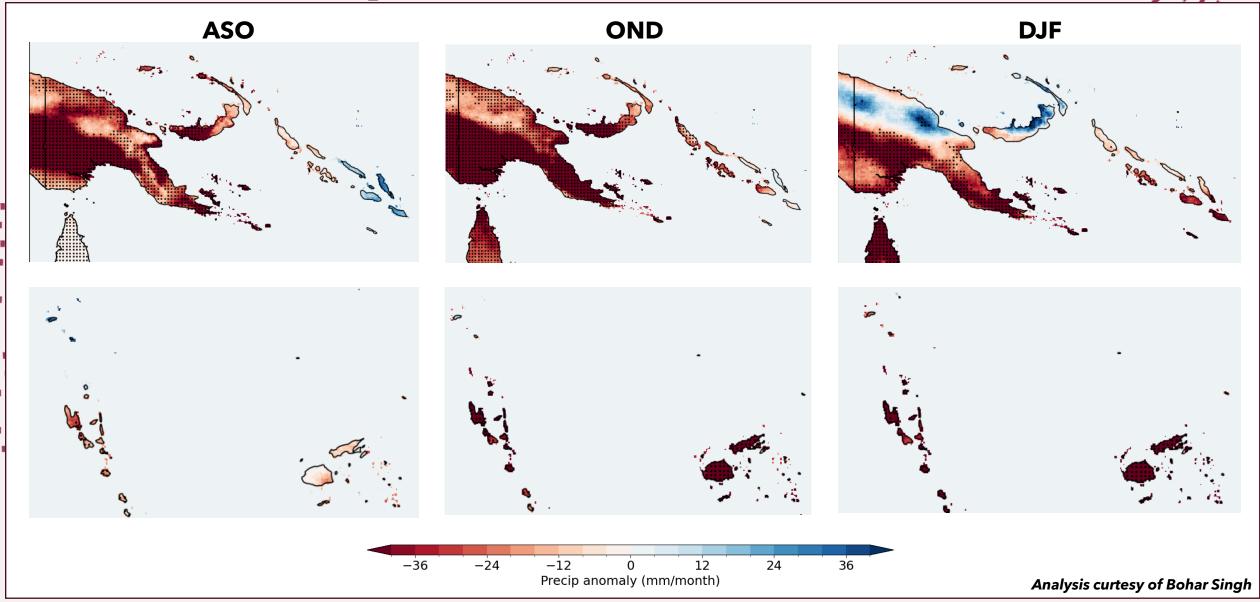


Composite analysis: Niño 3.4 (120′W, 180′W, 5′S, 5′N) with 3-month-mean Oceanic Niño Index (ONI), CHIRPS 5km rainfall¹data

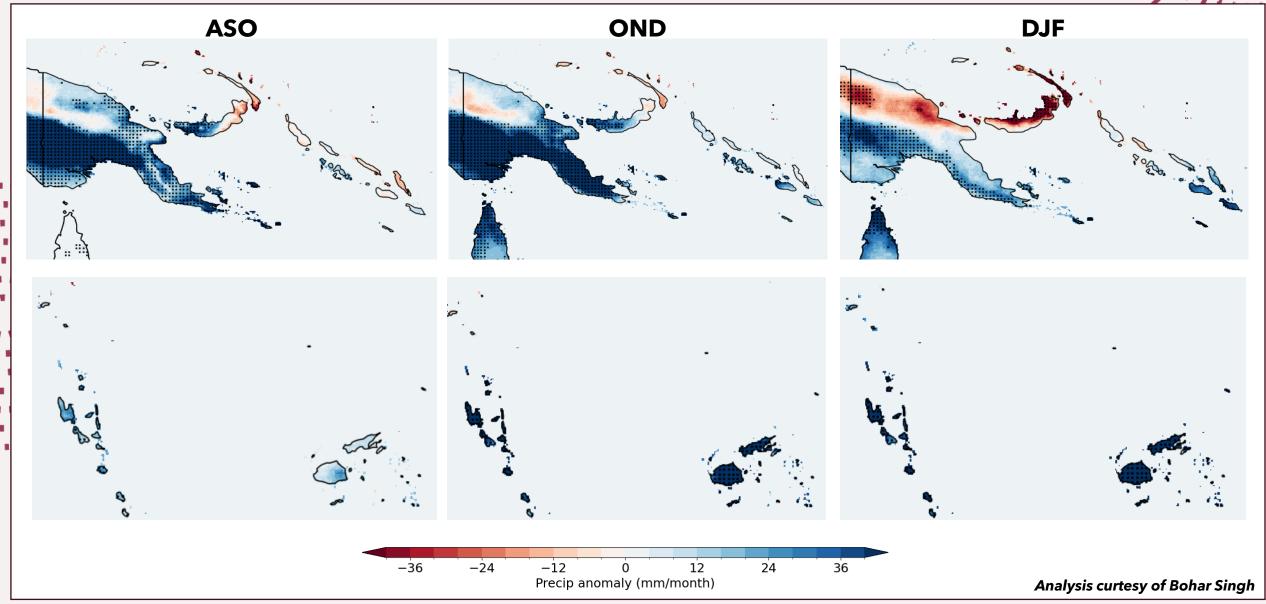
ENSO teleconnection patterns over the Pacific, Islands - peak wet season period DJF



El Niño composites across the wet season



La Niña composites across the wet season

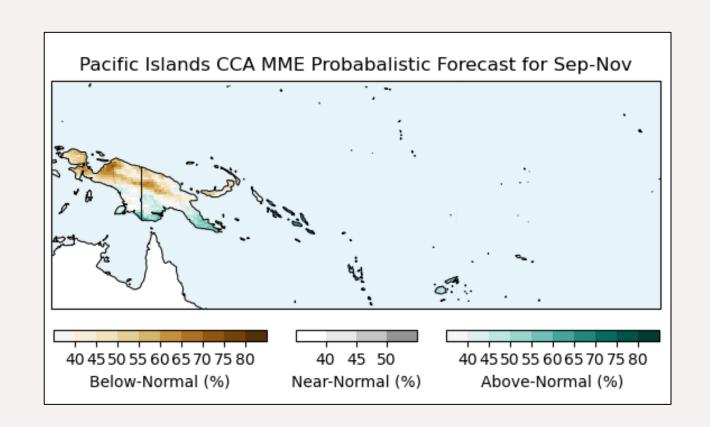






Earth system is complex and chaotic, no model will have a perfect representation of future conditions We can improve the usefulness of a prediction by

- (1) Choosing a more attainable forecast type for a model (e.g. tercile-based probabilities)
- (2) Combining forecast models to aggregate different assumptions about the earth system
- (3) Bias-correction and calibration of our raw model outputs using statistical relationships



Several techniques can correct raw forecasts, to be discussed in following sessions today

- Logistic Regression (LR) probability of a binary outcome (probability of above or below normal) based on one or more predictor variables, applied separately for each tercile
- Extended Logistic Regression (ELR) nonlinear ensemble calibration that extends Logistic Regression and is applied across all terciles simultaneously
- Probabilistic Output Extreme Learning Machine (POELM) nonlinear advanced machine learning approach (neural network with a single hidden layer)
- Extended Probability Output Extreme Learning Machine (EPOELM) combines ELR and POELM approaches, useful for non-exceedance forecasts for any threshold value after fitting
- Canonical Correlation Analysis (CCA) spatial pattern matching using linear correlations