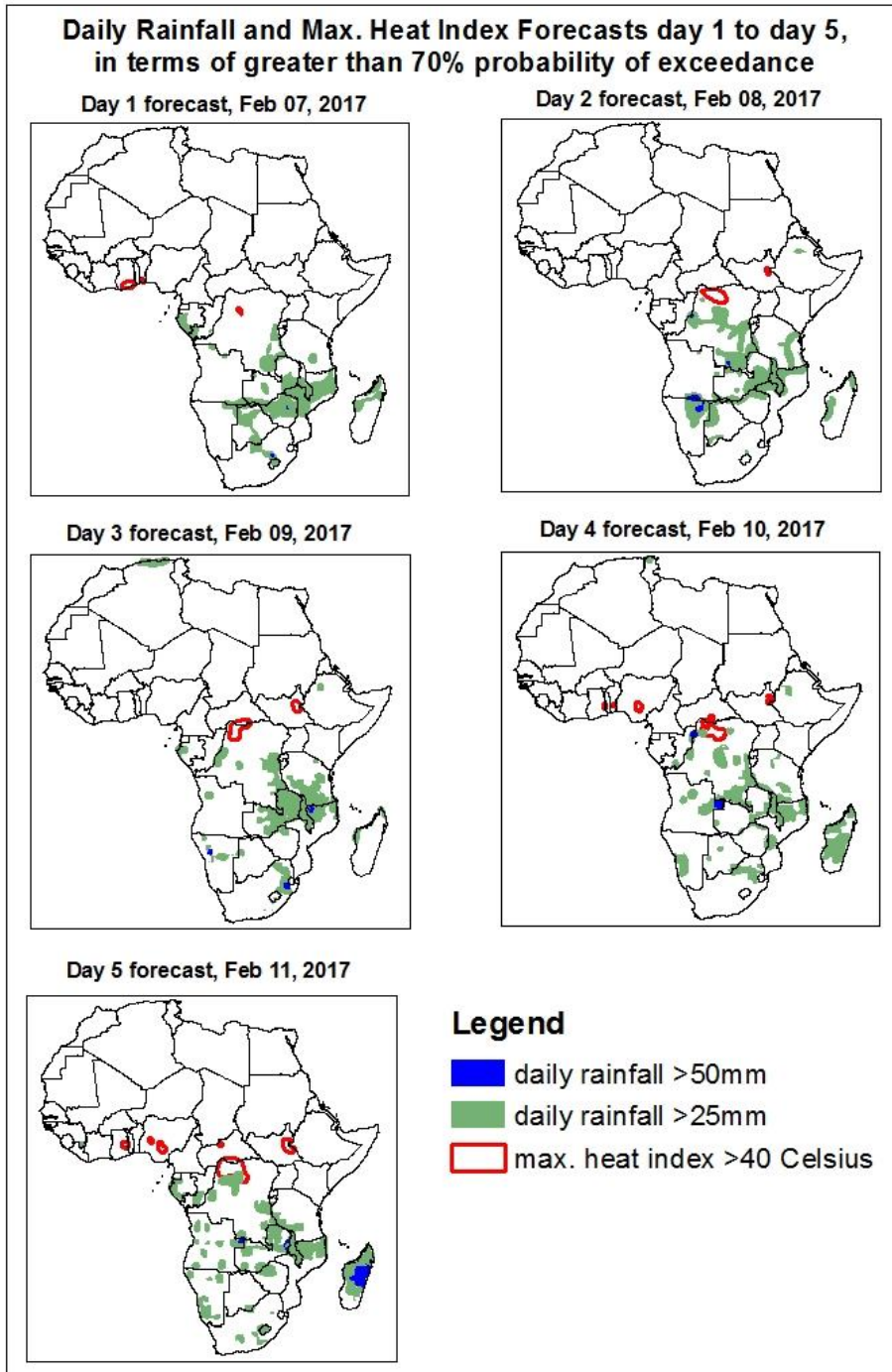


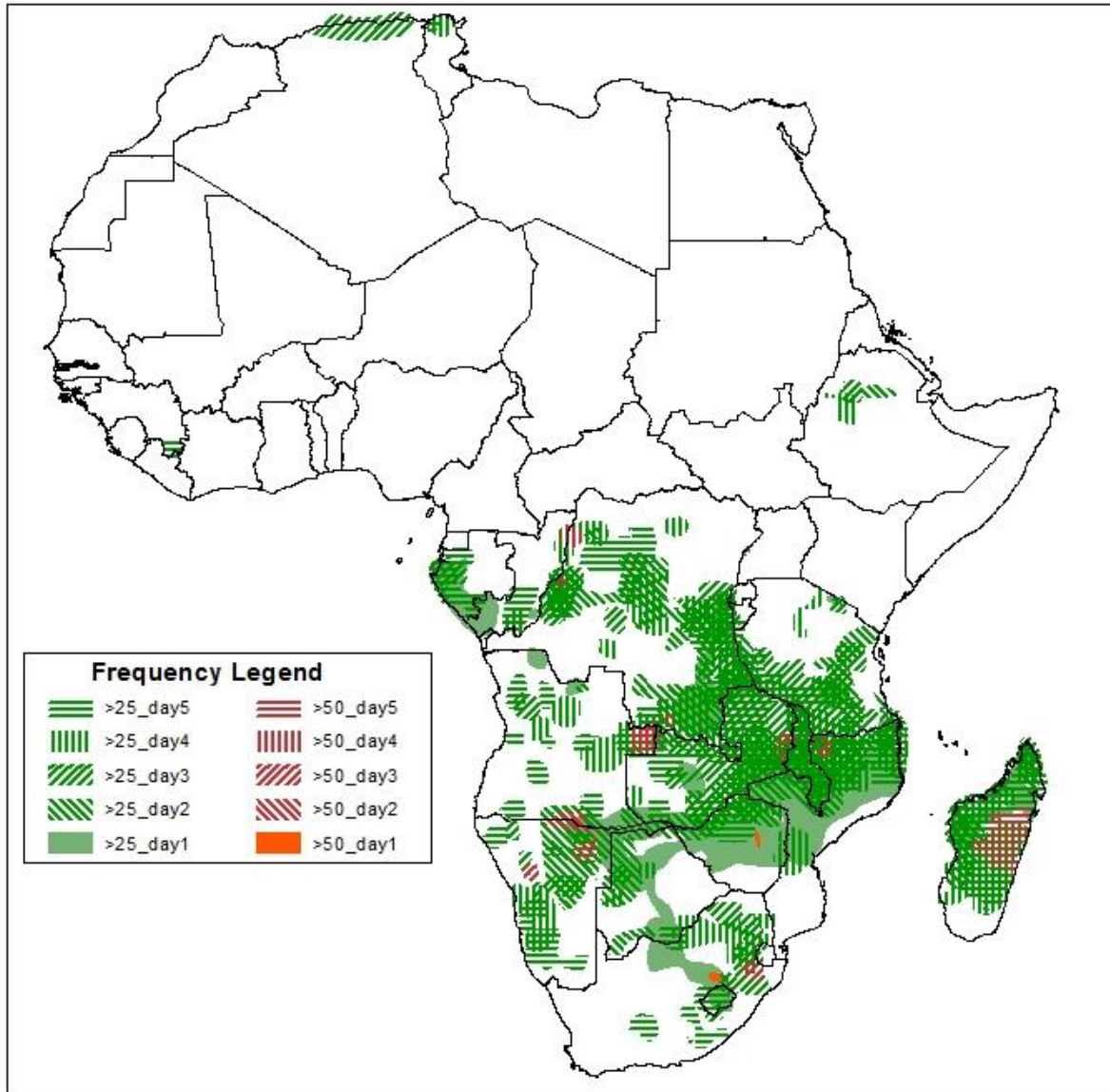
1. Rainfall, Heat Index and Dust Concentration Forecasts, (Issued on Feb 06, 2017)

1.1. Daily Rainfall and Maximum Heat Index Forecasts (valid: Feb 07– Feb 11, 2017)

The forecasts are expressed in terms of high probability of precipitation (POP) and high probability of maximum heat index, based on the NCEP/GFS, ECMWF and the NCEP Global Ensemble Forecasts System (GEFS) and expert assessment.



Five Days Rainfall Forecast Summary Feb 07 - Feb 11, 2017

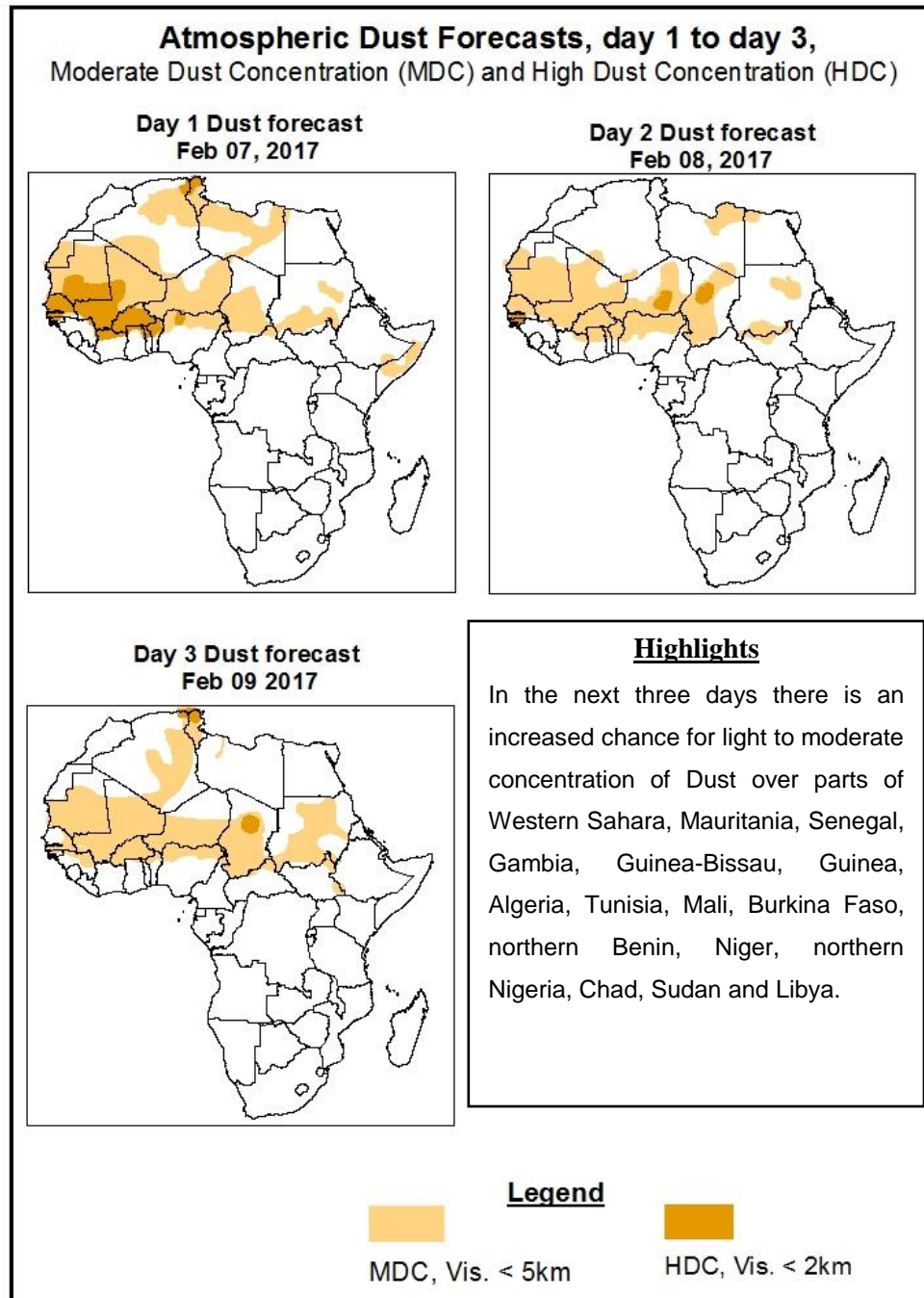


Highlights

In the next five days, lower level wind convergences across the Central and South African countries are expected to enhance rainfall in their respective regions. Therefore, there is an increased chance for two or more days of light to moderate rainfall over portions of Zambia, Malawi, Mozambique, Lesotho and Madagascar, local areas of Gabon, Congo, DRC, Tanzania, Angola, Namibia, Zimbabwe, Botswana and South Africa.

1.2. Atmospheric Dust Concentration Forecasts (valid: Feb 07 – Feb 09, 2017)

The forecasts are expressed in terms of high probability of dust concentration, based on the Navy Aerosol Analysis and Prediction System, NCEP/GFS lower-level wind forecasts and expert assessment.



1.3. Model Discussion, Valid: Feb 07 – Feb 11, 2017

The Azores High Pressure system over the North Atlantic Ocean is expected to intensify with its value of the central pressure increasing from 1032hPa to 1035hPa in the next 96 hours and weaken to 1031hPa during the remaining forecast period.

The St. Helena High Pressure system over the Southeast of the Atlantic Ocean is expected to intensify with its value of the central pressure increasing from 1022hPa to 1023hPa in the next 48 hours, weaken to 1021hPa in the next 72 hours, intensify to 1031hPa in the next 96 hours, and later weaken to 1020hPa during the remaining forecast period.

The Mascarene High Pressure system over the Southwest Indian Ocean is expected to intensify with its value of the central pressure increasing from 1029hPa to 1031hPa in the next 72 hours, weaken to 1030hPa in the next 96 hours, and intensify to 1034hPa during the remaining forecast period.

At 925hPa, strong dry Northerly to Easterly winds may lead from light to moderate dust concentration over parts of Western Sahara, Mauritania, Senegal, Gambia, Guinea-Bissau, Guinea, Algeria, Tunisia, Mali, Burkina Faso, northern Benin, Niger, northern Nigeria, Chad, Sudan, Egypt and Libya.

At 850hPa level, lower level wind convergences are expected to prevail over Cameroon, Congo, CAR, DRC, Tanzania, Angola, Zambia and Mozambique.

In the next five days, lower level wind convergences across the Central and South African countries are expected to enhance rainfall in their respective regions. Therefore, there is an increased chance for two or more days of light to moderate rainfall over portions of Zambia, Malawi, Mozambique, Lesotho and Madagascar, local areas of Gabon, Congo, DRC, Tanzania, Angola, Namibia, Zimbabwe, Botswana and South Africa.

2.0. Previous and Current Day Weather over Africa

2.1. Weather assessment for the previous day (Feb 05, 2017)

Light to moderate rainfall was observed over portions of Equatorial Guinea, Gabon, Congo, DRC, Tanzania, Angola, Zambia, Mozambique, Namibia, Botswana, Zimbabwe, South Africa, Lesotho and Madagascar.

2.2. Weather assessment for the current day (Feb 06, 2017)

Intense convective clouds are observed over portions of Liberia, Cote D'Ivoire, Gabon, Congo, CAR, DRC, Rwanda, Burundi, Tanzania, Angola, Zambia, Malawi, Mozambique, Namibia, Botswana, Zimbabwe, South Africa and Madagascar.

